

## Fraser Broth (NCM0050)

NCM0050  
NCM3504

500G, 5 KG & 10 KG DCM Packs  
50 x 10.0mL Universal Tubes (fully supplemented)

### Intended Use

Fraser Broth is a selective medium used for the secondary enrichment of *Listeria monocytogenes* and *Listeria spp.*, as described in ISO 11290-1:2017. Fraser Broth is not intended for use in the diagnosis of disease or other conditions in humans.

### Description

Fraser Broth was developed as a modification of UVM medium (NCM0012) and is based on the formula as described by Fraser and Sperber. *Listeria spp.* hydrolyze the esculin to esculetin which reacts with the ferric ammonium citrate (X211 or 7984) resulting in a black precipitate and a visible positive reaction. Lithium chloride suppresses the growth of *Enterococci* in the medium, as *Enterococci* can also hydrolyze esculin also. Enzymatic digest of animal tissues, casein, meat extract and yeast extract provide the essential vitamins, minerals, amino acids, nitrogen and carbon, while sodium chloride maintains the osmotic balance. The selective components acriflavine and nalidixic acid are blended into the base powder and inhibit the growth of *Escherichia coli*. Ferric ammonium citrate is added to the tempered broth after sterilization. According to ISO 11290-1:2017, the test portion is inoculated into the primary enrichment medium Half Fraser (Demi-Fraser) Broth (ISO), followed by secondary enrichment in Fraser Broth (ISO) and then sub-cultured onto Harlequin Listeria Chromogenic Agar according to Ottaviani & Agosti (NCM1004). The medium conforms to the performance and formulation requirements of ISO 11290-1:2017.

### Typical Formulation

Enzymatic Digest of Animal Tissues	5.0g/L
Enzymatic Digest of Casein	5.0g/L
Meat Extract	5.0g/L
Yeast Extract	5.0 g/L
Esculin	1.0 g/L
Disodium Hydrogen Phosphate	9.6 g/L*
Potassium Dihydrogen Phosphate	1.35 g/L
Sodium Chloride	20.0 g/L
Lithium Chloride	3.0 g/L
Acriflavine	0.025 g/L
Nalidixic Acid	0.02 g/L

pH: 7.2 ± 0.2 at 25°C

\*equivalent to Disodium Hydrogen Phosphate Dihydrate 12.0 g/l

Formula may be adjusted and/or supplemented as required to meet performance specifications.

Ferric Ammonium Citrate Supplement (X211) or Fraser broth base supplement (7984) may be used

### Precaution

Refer to SDS

### Preparation of DCM

1. Dissolve 55 grams of the medium in 1 liter of purified water.
2. Mix thoroughly
3. Autoclave at 121°C for 15 minutes.
4. Cool to 45-50°C.



# Technical Specification Sheet



- Aseptically add 2 vials of Ferric Ammonium Citrate Supplement (X211) or 2 vials of Fraser Broth Base Supplement (7984) and mix thoroughly before dispensing.

## Test Procedure

To isolate *Listeria monocytogenes* and other *Listeria* spp., refer to ISO 11290-1:2017.

## Quality Control Specifications

**Dehydrated Appearance:** Powder is homogeneous, free flowing, and beige.

**Prepared Appearance:** Prepared medium is yellow to amber and clear with none to slight precipitate.

**Expected Cultural Response:** The medium was prepared according to label directions and 10mL volumes inoculated with the organisms listed below. Cultures were incubated at  $37 \pm 1^\circ\text{C}$  under aerobic atmosphere and examined for growth at 22-26 hours. Following incubation, 10 $\mu\text{L}$  was subcultured onto TSA at  $37 \pm 1^\circ\text{C}$  and examined for growth at 22-26 hours or onto Harlequin® *Listeria* Chromogenic Agar (HLCA, NCM1004, PIN001)\* at  $37 \pm 1^\circ\text{C}$  and plates examined for growth at 40-48 hours.

MICROORGANISM	WDCM	APPROX. INOCULUM (CFU)	EXPECTED RESULTS				ACTUAL RESULTS
			Growth in HF	Reaction in HF*	Recovery on HLCA**	Recovery on TSA	
<i>Listeria monocytogenes</i> + <i>Escherichia coli</i> + <i>Enterococcus faecalis</i>	00021	10 – 100	Growth	Black coloration	>10 cfu Blue colonies with opaque halo	Not applicable	Meets Expected Result
	00013	> 10 <sup>4</sup>					
	00087	> 10 <sup>4</sup>					
<i>Listeria monocytogenes</i> + <i>Escherichia coli</i> + <i>Enterococcus faecalis</i>	00109	10 – 100	Growth	Black coloration	>10 cfu Blue colonies with opaque halo	Not applicable	Meets Expected Result
	00012	> 10 <sup>4</sup>					
	00009	> 10 <sup>4</sup>					
<i>Escherichia coli</i>	00012	> 10 <sup>4</sup>	Inhibition	None	Not applicable	Total inhibition	Meets Expected Result
<i>Escherichia coli</i>	00013	> 10 <sup>4</sup>	Inhibition	None	Not applicable	Total inhibition	Meets Expected Result
<i>Enterococcus faecalis</i>	00009	> 10 <sup>4</sup>	Partial to Complete Inhibition	None	Not applicable	< 100 cfu	Meets Expected Result
<i>Enterococcus faecalis</i>	00087	> 10 <sup>4</sup>	Partial to Complete Inhibition	None	Not applicable	< 100 cfu	Meets Expected Result

The organisms listed are the minimum that should be used for quality control testing.



## **Results**

*Listeria* is presumptively indicated by the blackening of Fraser Broth after  $25 \pm 1$  hours incubation at  $37^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 1^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

\*Sub-culture onto HLCA provides presumptive *L. monocytogenes* or *L. ivanovii*, if colonies are blue-green surrounded by an opaque halo. Consider presumptive *Listeria spp.* if blue-green colonies with or without opaque halo.

## **Expiration**

Refer to expiration date stamped on the container. The dehydrated medium should be discarded if not free flowing, or if appearance has changed from the original color. Expiry applies to medium in its intact container when stored as directed.

## **Limitations of the Procedure**

1. Some strains of *L. monocytogenes* exposed to stress conditions, particularly acid stress, can show a very weak halo
2. Some rare *L. monocytogenes* are characterized by a slow PIPLC activity. Such organisms will take longer to develop a halo.

## **Storage**

Store dehydrated culture media (NCM0050) at  $2 - 30^{\circ}\text{C}$  away from direct sunlight. Once opened and recapped, place the container in a low humidity environment at the same storage temperature. Protect from moisture and light by keeping container tightly closed.

Store prepared tubes (NCM3504) at  $2-8^{\circ}\text{C}$  away from direct sunlight.

## **References**

1. Fraser, J.A. and Sperber, W.H. (1988). Rapid detection of *Listeria spp* in food and environmental samples by esculin hydrolysis. *J. Food Protect.* 51, No.10, 762-765.
2. McClain, D. and Lee, W.H. (1989). FSIS method for isolation of *L. monocytogenes* from processed meat and poultry products. Lab.Comm.No.57, Revised May 24, (1989). US Dept of Agric. FSIS, Microbiol. Div.
3. ISO 11290-1:2017 Microbiology of the food chain- Horizontal method for the detection and enumeration of *Listeria monocytogenes* and *Listeria spp.*- Part 1: Detection method
4. ISO 11290-2:2017 Microbiology of the food chain- Horizontal method for the detection and enumeration of *Listeria monocytogenes* and *Listeria spp.*- Part 2: Enumeration method  
ISO 11133:2014+A1:2018 Microbiology of food, animal feed and water - Preparation, production, storage and performance testing of culture media.